# Facts and figures about the pilot regions in the Programme of Action for the Regional Provision of Public Services

# Aktionsprogramm regionale Daseinsvorsorge Die Modellregionen Creis Schleswig-Flensburg Amt Peenetal/L Regionaler Planungsverband Westmecklenburg -Region Niedersachen Altmark Oderlandregion Spreewalddreie Oberes Elbtal/Osterzgebirge Saale-Holzland-Kreis Region Nordeife rbandsgemeinde Daun SPESSART regional Landkreis Trier Saarburg Landkreis Merzig-Wadern Region Interkommunale Cooperation Salzachtal 100 km © BBSR Bonn 2011

## **District of Schleswig-Flensburg**

#### **Composition of the region:**

4 towns, 130 district municipalities grouped into 13 authorities for administrative purposes

#### Data

Area: 2,071 km<sup>2</sup> Population: 198,250

Population density: 95 inhabitants/km<sup>2</sup>

#### Main areas to be addressed:

Senior citizens and nursing care/people with disabilities Labour market and basic security benefits Child and family friendliness Culture and education Transport infrastructure (cross-cutting issue)

## **Peenetal/Loitz Authority**

#### **Composition of the region:**

Town of Loitz (lower-order centre), municipalities of Görmin, Sassen-Trantow, Düvier with a total of 31 communities; in the District of Western Pomerania-Greifswald

#### Data

Area: 170 km<sup>2</sup> Population: 6,700

Population density: 39 inhabitants/km<sup>2</sup>

#### Main areas to be addressed:

Living in harmony with nature Learning in harmony with nature Working in harmony with nature Resting in harmony with nature

The infrastructure areas to be addressed will be specified at the launch of the pilot project.

# **Western Mecklenburg Regional Planning Association**

#### **Composition of the region:**

Districts of Northwestern Mecklenburg, Ludwigslust-Parchim, Urban District of Schwerin, 26 towns and 232 rural municipalities; one higher-order centre (Schwerin), five middle-order centres

#### Data

Area: 6,999 km<sup>2</sup> Population: 481,000

Population density: 69 inhabitants/km<sup>2</sup>

Education/lifelong learning (including adult education centres, vocational colleges, institutions of higher education)

Health care (especially general practitioners and specialists)

Quality of life for elderly people (long-term care, residential environment, local amenities, problems associated with ageing rural communities)

#### **District of Uckermark**

#### Composition of the region:

Eight self-governing municipalities, five authorities with 26 associated municipalities grouped into three intermediate-level areas with the middle-order centres of Templin, Prenzlau and Schwedt/Oder

#### Data

Area: 3,058 km<sup>2</sup> Population: 129,738

Population density: 42 inhabitants/km<sup>2</sup>

#### Main areas to be addressed:

# **Oderland Region**

#### Composition of the region:

Collaborative community comprising the town of Seelow, the municipality of Letschin and the authorities of Golzow, Lebus, Neuhardenberg and Seelow Land; one middle-order centre (Seelow)

#### Data

Area: 980 km² Population: 38,787

Population density: 39 inhabitants/km<sup>2</sup>

#### Main areas to be addressed:

Non-police security (specifically fire safety, disaster control and flood defence)
Education/child care/outreach
Health/senior citizens/welfare networks
Mobility and accessibility

<sup>&</sup>quot;Living in later life" infrastructure package (long-term care services and housing for the elderly)

<sup>&</sup>quot;Future of education and child care" infrastructure package (child day care centres and schools)

<sup>&</sup>quot;Local authority security" infrastructure package (fire safety and disaster control, emergency services, water rescue, law and order, safety)

<sup>&</sup>quot;Technical infrastructure" infrastructure package (water/sewage systems, energy supply, broadband)

## **Spreewald Triangle**

#### **Composition of the region:**

Town of Calau with 11 communities, town of Lübbenau/Spreewald with 13 communities and town of Vetschau/Spreewald with 10 communities in the District of Upper Spreewald-Lusatia; these towns from the joint intermediate-level area of the middle-order centre of Lübbenau/Spreewald

#### Data

Area: 412 km<sup>2</sup> Population: 34,500

Population density: 84 inhabitants/km<sup>2</sup>

#### Main areas to be addressed:

Schools Youth work Energy supply Local public transport

#### **District of Elbe-Elster**

#### **Composition of the region:**

11 towns, one self-governing municipality, five authorities; three medium-order centres (cooperation areas) – Finsterwalde, Herzberg, Elsterwerda-Bad Liebenwerda

#### **Data**

Area: 1,890 km² Population: 112,142

Population density: 59 inhabitants/km<sup>2</sup>

#### Main areas to be addressed:

Ensuring local authority action

Ensuring social peace

Ensuring the provision of infrastructure that meets requirements

The infrastructure areas to be addressed will be specified at the launch of the pilot project.

#### **Altmark**

#### **Composition of the region:**

Altmark District of Salzwedel, District of Stendal; four collective municipalities and 11 unitary municipalities with a total of over 540 communities, one middle-order centre with some functions of a higher-order centre, one middle-order centre

#### Data

Area: 4,715 km<sup>2</sup> Population: 212,762

Population density: 45 inhabitants/km<sup>2</sup>

Child day care centres, schools, youth work
Fire safety and disaster control
Provision of health care by general practitioners
Roads and footpaths

## **Heart of Lower Saxony Regional Management**

#### Composition of the region:

Association of local authorities comprising the collective municipalities of Bruchhausen-Vilsen, Grafschaft Hoya, Heemsen, Kirchdorf, Landesbergen, Liebenau, Marklohe, Schwaförden, Siedenburg, Steimbke, Thedinghausen and Uchte, the towns of Nienburg, Rehburg-Loccum and Sulingen, the market town of Steyerberg and the municipality of Stolzenau

The region covers the entire District of Nienburg and parts of the Districts of Diepholz and Verden

#### **Data**

Area: 2,320 km<sup>2</sup> Population: 186,655

Population density: 80 inhabitants/km<sup>2</sup>

#### Main areas to be addressed:

Health care Mobility services Management of vacant properties

# **Upper Elbe Valley/Eastern Ore Mountains**

#### Composition of the region:

Districts of Meißen and Saxon Switzerland-Eastern Ore Mountains, federal state capital of Dresden; project focuses primarily on the rural areas in the region, comprising 65 municipalities with around 450 communities and three middle-order centres

#### Data

Area: 3,434 km<sup>2</sup>
Population: 1,025,378

Population density: 298 inhabitants/km<sup>2</sup>

#### Main areas to be addressed:

Accessibility/mobility
Care for the elderly
Education
Fire safety

#### Saale-Holzland District

#### **Composition of the region:**

8 towns, 85 municipalities grouped into five municipal associations, four municipalities that perform functions for other municipalities and two self-governing municipalities, one middle-order centre (Eisenberg)

#### Data

Area: 817 km² Population: 87,400

Population density: 107 inhabitants/km<sup>2</sup>

#### Main areas to be addressed:

Demographic check for businesses, transport Renewable sources of energy Education, health Settlement patterns (strategic cross-cutting issue)

## **Collective Municipality of Daun**

#### **Composition of the region:**

Collective Municipality of Daun with its 38 constituent municipalities in the District of Vulkaneifel; one medium-order centre (Daun)

#### Data

Area: 315 km<sup>2</sup> Population: 23,151

Population density: 73 inhabitants/km<sup>2</sup>

#### Main areas to be addressed:

Care facilities for the under-sixes (child day care centres)
Care facilities for senior citizens (day care centres, etc.)
Medical facilities for the elderly (outpatient and inpatient)

Places of communication in villages (community centres, club premises, church halls, etc.)

# **District of Trier-Saarburg**

#### **Composition of the region:**

103 self-governing municipalities with 160 communities, organized into seven collective municipalities; three middle-order centres (Hermeskeil, Saarburg, Konz)

#### Data

Area: 1,091 km<sup>2</sup> Population: 141,481

Population density: 130 inhabitants/km<sup>2</sup>

Ensuring that a homogeneous level of services is provided to the heterogeneous regions across the district

Strengthening civic engagement

Family friendliness for all age brackets

Social inclusion for different sections of the population

The infrastructure areas to be addressed will be specified at the launch of the pilot project.

## **District of Hersfeld-Rotenburg**

#### **Composition of the region:**

Four towns, 16 municipalities with 160 villages, one middle-order centre with some functions of a higher-order centre (Bad Hersfeld), three middle-order centres (Rotenburg a.d.F., Bebra, Heringen)

#### Data

Area: 1,097 km<sup>2</sup> Population: 122,451

Population density: 111 inhabitants/km<sup>2</sup>

#### Main areas to be addressed:

Priority areas:

Social services (schools and other educational establishments, services for the elderly, medical care)

Technical infrastructure (water supply and wastewater disposal)

Development of settlement areas (inner urban development)

Mobility as an inclusive infrastructure field

Cross-cutting issues: Strengthening the public community, getting children and young people involved, integration and migration, family friendliness, cooperation across local authority boundaries

# **Vogelsberg District**

#### Composition of the region:

19 towns and municipalities with a total of 186 communities, two middle-order centres (Alsfeld and Lauterbach)

#### **Data**

Area: 1,459 km<sup>2</sup> Population: 109,062

Population density: 73 inhabitants/km<sup>2</sup>

#### Main areas to be addressed:

Technical infrastructure and settlement development

Senior citizens/nursing and medical care

Young people, education, initial and continuing training, skilled labour

Cross-cutting issue: Accessibility/transport

## **SPESSARTregional**

#### **Composition of the region:**

Eastern part of Main-Kinzig District, grouping of 12 towns and municipalities, five middle-order centres

#### Data

Area: 866 km<sup>2</sup> Population: 133,049

Population density: 153 inhabitants/km<sup>2</sup>

#### Main areas to be addressed:

Provision of basic public services within a reasonable distance of people's homes (medical care, local amenities, community facilities)

**Transport & mobility** 

Settlement & housing (development of town centres focusing on vacant properties in the agricultural sector, public utilities)

## **District of Merzig-Wadern**

#### **Composition of the region:**

Seven municipalities, one middle-order centre (Merzig)

#### Data

Area: 556 km² Population: 105,241

Population density: 189 inhabitants/km<sup>2</sup>

#### Main areas to be addressed:

Focus on educational, medical, nursing and

family-focused infrastructure plus

information, communications and transport infrastructure

The infrastructure areas to be addressed will be specified at the launch of the pilot project.

# **Northern Eifel Region**

#### Composition of the region:

Parts of the City-Region of Aachen (one town, two municipalities) and of the Districts of Düren (five municipalities) and Euskirchen (three towns, five municipalities) as the Northern Eifel Cooperation Area, under the organizational leadership of the City-Region of Aachen

#### **Data**

Area: 1,538 km² Population: 185.767

Population density: 120 inhabitants/km<sup>2</sup>

#### Main areas to be addressed:

Integrated network of social and technical infrastructure (schools, sports, child care, local public transport, medical and nursing care)

Culture and community life (culture, education, voluntary work, community life, fire safety and rescue services)

Infrastructure and settlement development (roads, sewers, water, gas, ICT, broadband, energy supply, management of vacant properties)

## **District of Coburg**

#### **Composition of the region:**

17 district towns and municipalities, one higher-order centre (Town of Coburg), one middle-order centre (Neustadt bei Coburg)

#### Data

Area: 590 km² Population: 88,407

Population density: 150 inhabitants/km<sup>2</sup>

#### Main areas to be addressed:

Health/medical care
Senior citizens
Schools, education
Local amenities
Settlement development
Energy supply
Fire safety and disaster control
Mobility

# Cross local authority collaboration in the Salzach Valley

#### Composition of the region:

Town of Tittmoning, municipalities of Fridolfing, Kirchanschöring, Taching am See with a total of 289 communities; District of Traunstein

#### Data

Area: 168 km² Population: 15,195

Population density: 90 inhabitants/km<sup>2</sup>

Health/doctors
Education/training
Nursing and social care for the elderly
Settlement areas/housing/vacant properties

# **Region of Eastern Württemberg**

### **Composition of the region:**

Districts of Heidenheim and Ostalbkreis; 53 municipalities, 4 middle-order centres

Supplemented by adjacent municipalities of the Regional Association of Stuttgart (16), the Region of Heilbronn-Franconia (8) and adjacent districts in Bavaria (22)

#### Data

Area: 2,138 km² Population: 443,983

Population density: 207 inhabitants/km<sup>2</sup>

#### Main areas to be addressed:

Mobility
Provision of basic public services
Health care
Skilled labour
Education